

CAMPION HALL

Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech

The following Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech was approved by Governing Body on 18 June 2025.

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This Code of Practice sets out Campion Hall's values and expectations relating to freedom of speech and academic freedom and how these values and expectations are applied to Hall activities.
- 1.2 Freedom of speech means the freedom, within the law, to receive and impart ideas, opinions or information by means of speech, writing or images (including in electronic form).
- 1.3 Academic freedom is a separate, but complementary right. It applies, in relation to academic staff at the Hall and, means their freedom within the law to question and test received wisdom, and to put forward new ideas and controversial or unpopular opinions, including their opinions about the Hall, without institutional censorship and without placing themselves in jeopardy of losing their jobs or privileges.
- 1.4 References in this Code of Practice to "Hall premises" means land, buildings, or other premises owned, leased or occupied by the Hall or under the day-to-day control of the Hall.
- 1.5 The University and the Oxford Students' Union each have their own Codes of Practice on Freedom of Speech.

2. Legislative framework

- 2.1 The legal duty of UK universities to protect free speech is enshrined in the Education (No 2) Act 1986. Academic freedom is protected under the Education Reform Act 1988. Freedom of speech is also protected under Article 10 of the European Convention on Human Rights which has effect in the UK through the Human Rights Act 1998.
- 2.2 Section 43 of the Education (No 2) Act 1986 states that:
- (1) Every individual and body of persons concerned in the government of any establishment to which this section applies shall take such steps as are reasonably practicable to ensure that freedom of speech within the law is secured for members, students and employees of the establishment and for visiting speakers¹.
- (2) The duty imposed by subsection (1) above includes (in particular) the duty to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the use of any premises of the establishment is not denied to any individual or body or persons on any ground connected with-
- (a) the beliefs or views of that individual or of any member of that body; or
- (b) the policy or objectives of that body.

¹ A "visiting speaker" means a person who has been invited to speak at the Hall by a member, student or Hall employee acting in their capacity as a member, student or Hall employee.

- 2.3 Section 3 of the Education (No 2) Act 1986 states further that the governing body must maintain a code of practice setting out certain matters relating to meetings and activities, which are addressed in this document.
- 2.4 Whilst the Hall is not a registered higher education provider as defined by the Education (No 2) Act 1986 and therefore not directly subject to the duty outlined above at 2.2, the Hall has chosen to set out a Code of Practice in line with these principles.

3. Values²

- 3.1 Freedom of speech and academic freedom are central tenets of Hall life and must be robustly protected.
- 3.2 In all its activities, the Hall seeks to:
- (1) secure and promote civic and academic freedoms including freedom of speech;
- (2) ensure a very high level of protection for the lawful expression of a viewpoint and for speech in an academic context; and
- (3) foster a culture of openness and inclusivity, in which members of our community engage with each other, and the public, in debate and discussion, and remain open to both intellectual challenge and change.
- 3.3 Inevitably, this will mean that members of the Hall are confronted with views that some find unsettling, extreme or offensive. The Hall believes that a culture of free, open and robust discussion can be achieved only if all concerned engage critically but courteously with each other.
- 3.4 Within the bounds prescribed by law, all voices or views which any member of our community considers relevant should be given the chance of a hearing. Wherever possible, they should also be exposed to evidence, questioning and argument. As an integral part of this commitment to freedom of expression, we will take steps to ensure that all such exchanges happen peacefully and respectfully. With appropriate regulation of the time, place and manner of events, members of our community should have no reasonable grounds to feel intimidated or censored.

4. Conduct

- 4.1 The Hall is committed to fostering an inclusive culture which promotes equality, values diversity and maintains a working, learning and social environment in which the rights and dignity of all members of the Hall community are respected. In accordance with the terms of its Policy and Procedure on Harassment, the Hall does not tolerate any form of harassment or victimisation and expects all members of the Hall community, its visitors and contractors to treat each other with respect, courtesy and consideration.
- 4.2 Peaceful protest is a legitimate expression of freedom of speech. However, such protest must not shut down debate nor cause substantial disruption to Hall activities. The respect which the Hall expects all members of the Hall community to demonstrate towards each other is particularly important where it comprises respect for the right of others to speak freely and exercise their academic freedom. Staff, students and members of the Hall wishing to protest

² The University's EDI Strategic Plan [to be published at www.edu.admin.ox.ac.uk during Michaelmas term] sets out the University's values that express the ethos of its approach to equality, diversity and inclusion. They are: curiosity, courage, community and excellence.

either on Hall Premises or on non-Hall premises in a manner which may disrupt Hall activities, must seek permission in advance by referring the matter under the Procedure for Meetings and Events set out in Annex A of this Code. Carrying out such protests without permission may lead to disciplinary action under the relevant procedures (as set out in paragraph 4.3). The Hall may also take action to remove any unauthorised encampment or occupation under its common law power of removal or by court proceedings. The Proctors have published Guidance on Demonstrations or Protests which is available as Annex B to this Code.

- 4.3 Complaints about the behaviour of individuals should be made under the appropriate procedure:
 - a) Complaints about staff members should be made under the Hall's <u>Policy and Procedure</u> on <u>Harassmen</u>t as set out above, or under the Hall's Student Complaints Procedure depending on the nature of the complaint (available on Every);
 - b) Complaints about others acting in the context of the Hall should in the first instance be made to the Dean.
- 4.4 Complaints that arise in the University context (ie in the course of University activity or on University premises) should normally be made to the University.
- 4.5 All activity must be risk assessed and planned in accordance with the Hall's <u>Health and Safety Policy</u>.

5. Hall Activities

- 5.1 The Hall ensures that its policies and procedures reflect its duties to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable freedom of speech and academic freedom within the law.
- 5.2 In making decisions or adopting policies that could directly or indirectly (and positively or negatively) affect freedom of speech, the Hall will take into account:
 - (a) the importance of academic freedom (as required eg by the Education Reform Act 1988);
 - (b) the need to take reasonably practicable steps, to ensure that freedom of speech within the law is secured for members, students and employees of the Hall and for visiting speakers (as required eg by the Education (No 2) Act 1986);
 - (c) the rights and freedoms enshrined in the European Convention on Human Rights and incorporated into domestic law by the Human Rights Act 1998;
 - (d) the Public Sector Equality Duty established by the Equality Act 2010 which requires universities to have due regard to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination, promote equality of opportunity, and foster good relations between different groups; and
 - (e) the <u>Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015</u> which requires universities to 'have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism' (section 26 (1)) and which also provides that 'when carrying out the duty imposed by section 26 (1)', universities 'must have particular regard to the duty to ensure freedom of speech; and to the importance of academic freedom.'

- 5.3 A breach of this Code may lead to disciplinary action being taken under the appropriate Hall procedure (including staff disciplinary procedures for staff or the Student Non-Academic Disciplinary Procedure for students).
- 5.4 Complaints that the Hall has breached its duties in relation to freedom of speech may be raised by students and employees through the usual complaint routes. A complaint may also be brought by a former student where their complaint relates to events which occurred while they were a student and which impacted them in that capacity. The appropriate procedure for raising such complaints is as follows:
- (a) complaints by members of staff should be addressed under any applicable grievance procedure unless they are related to other complaints and/or form part of an existing complaint, and/or fall under the scope of another staff procedure, in which case they should be raised within the procedure associated with those other complaints (eg the Harassment or disciplinary procedure);
- (b) complaints by students should be raised under the Student Complaints Procedure (available on Every) unless they are related to other complaints and/or form part of an existing complaint under another procedure in which case they should be raised within the procedure associated with those other complaints (eg the Harassment Procedure etc);

On receipt of any such complaint, the Hall will consider the most appropriate procedure to be followed, in consultation with relevant colleagues and the complainant and in some cases they may refer the matter to be considered under a different more appropriate procedure.

6.Hall Meetings and Events

- 6.1 Through the implementation of this Code, the Hall takes reasonably practicable steps to ensure that freedom of speech within the law is secured within its community. The Hall acts in a risk-based and proportionate manner and will always aim to allow an event to go ahead, provided that it is within the law and does not shut down debate, pose unacceptable risks to individuals or cause substantial disruption to Hall activities and will work with the organisers towards this goal. Cancellation of events is undesirable and should be exceptional.
- 6.2 Any member, student (including the Middle Common Room) or employee of the Hall who is organising a meeting or event (including those that take place online) or is responsible for administering external bookings of Hall Premises (the "Organiser") is responsible for assessing those meetings and events in the context of this Code, and other relevant Hall policies. The Organiser MUST follow the procedure outlined in **Annex A** to this Code in any of the following circumstances:
 - (a) the meeting or event may give rise to an environment in which people will experience, or could reasonably fear, discrimination, harassment, intimidation, verbal abuse or violence, particularly (but not exclusively) on account of their age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage or civil partnership, pregnancy, maternity, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation;

- (b) the event is a protest³ which is intended to take place on Hall premises and/or in a manner which may disrupt Hall activities, including by any person⁴ occupying or setting up camp on Hall premises;
- (c) the event could involve the use of Hall Premises for any purpose or in any manner that may cause damage to Hall premises; loss or damage to any person or put the Hall in breach of any law or obligation (contractual or otherwise) to any person;
- (d) the event may shut down debate or prevent others from speaking freely or exercising their academic freedom;

and/or

(e) the meeting or event may pose a risk to the safety of any person.

If Organisers are in any doubt or have any questions or need for further information, they are encouraged to discuss the situation with the Bursar in the first instance, and then seek advice, as appropriate, from the Hall Dean and the University Security Services or the Hall Dean. No meeting or event which is proposed to be held on Hall premises may be refused, cancelled or altered as a result of the beliefs or views (in the case of an individual, or a member of a body) or the policy or objectives (in the case of a body) of the individual or body seeking to hold the meeting or event save as a result of consideration by the Dean.

7. Monitoring and review

7.1 Campion Hall will periodically review the contents and operation of this Code of Practice and report on its operation and recommend amendments to it for consideration by Governing Body as appropriate or necessary.

³ Protest includes any demonstration, protest, rally or similar event

⁴ "Person" means any natural person, corporate or unincorporated body

ANNEX A: PROCEDURES FOR MEETINGS AND EVENTS

A1. This Annex is issued under section 6.2 of the Hall's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech (the "Code").

A2. Where a meeting or event falls under section 6.2 (a)-(e) of the Code, the Organiser should formally notify the Dean of the meeting or event at the earliest possible opportunity, and no later than 2 weeks in advance of the meeting or event.

A3. In the context of this Code, the Dean is entrusted with the duty to assess the implications of events formally referred to them and to act in accordance with the Hall's legal responsibilities, including as set out in the conduct and procedures in this Code.

A4. On receipt, the case will be assessed by the Dean who will consult with the Senior Tutor and Bursar. The starting point, for the Dean considering a particular event will be that the event should be allowed unless there are compelling and exceptional reasons for it not to proceed.

A5. As required by section 12 of the Terrorism Act 2000, the Dean will not give permission to hold a meeting or event where it is known that:

- (a) the proposed speaker belongs to, or professes to belong to, a proscribed organisation; or
- (b) the proposed speaker will use the event to support, or to further the activities of, a proscribed organisation.

A6. In exceptional circumstances, it may be reasonable to refuse permission for a Hall meeting or event where the Dean reasonably believes (from the nature of the speakers or from similar activities in the past whether held at the Hall or otherwise) that:

- the views likely to be expressed by any speaker are contrary to the law;
- the intention of any speaker is likely to incite breaches of the law or to intend breaches of the peace to occur;
- the meeting is likely to include the expression of viewpoints that are reasonably believed to
 be highly controversial and/or offensive and the Organiser will not permit contrary or
 opposing viewpoints to be held or expressed;
- the views likely to be expressed by any speaker are for the promotion of any illegal organisation or purpose, including organisations listed on the government's list of proscribed terrorist groups or organisations;
- the event is likely to shut down debate or prevent others from speaking freely or exercising their academic freedom;
- the event is a protest which involves any person occupying or setting up camp on Hall Premises;
- the event is likely to involve the use of Hall Premises for any purpose or in any manner that
 may cause damage to Hall premises or loss, damage, or injury to any person or put the Hall
 in breach of any law or obligation (contractual or otherwise) to any person;
- the even is likely to cause substantial disruption to Hall activities which cannot be mitigated by conditions imposed by the Dean under paragraph A8;
- it is in the interest of public safety, the prevention of disorder or crime, that the meeting does not take place.

A7. The lawful expression of controversial or unpopular views will not in itself constitute reasonable grounds for withholding permission for a Hall meeting or event.

A8. Where the Hall is reasonably satisfied that the otherwise lawful expression of views at an event or meeting on Hall Premises is likely to give rise to disorder or threats to the safety of any person, they shall consider what steps it is necessary to take to ensure the safety of all persons and the security of Hall Premises. This might include postponing or relocating a meeting or event or imposing conditions. The responsibility for fulfilling these conditions rests with the Organiser.

A9. The Hall will usually carry out a risk assessment for each meeting or event falling under this Code of Practice.

A10. Where the Hall decides that the meeting or event requires security, those security costs must be met by the Organiser within the timeframe specified by the Hall.

A11. Where the visiting speaker could reasonably be expected to have their own security because of the political or state office they hold the Proctors' Office will not usually be involved in security arrangements.

A12. In the event that:

- a meeting or event falls under section 6.2 (a)-(e) of the Code but the Organiser does not notify the Dean; or
- the Dean considers that the risks cannot be mitigated by the imposition of conditions; or
- the Dean reasonably believes that the Organiser will not comply with the conditions, then in each case the Dean can refuse consent for the meeting or event to go ahead and/or cancel the meeting or event.

A13. If the Organiser does not comply with the Hall's conditions or goes ahead with the meeting or event after the Dean has refused consent or cancelled the meeting or event then such action may lead to disciplinary action under the relevant procedures (as set out in paragraph 4.3) and where relevant the Hall may remove any unauthorised encampment or occupation under its common law power of removal or by court proceedings.

A14. The Dean will communicate their decision promptly and will set out the reasons for the decision.

A15. If any student or member of staff is dissatisfied with the decision of the Dean in relation to a meeting or event they may refer the matter under the relevant complaints procedure set out in section 5.4 above.

ANNEX B: GUIDANCE ON DEMONSTRATIONS OR PROTESTS

This Guidance is issued under section 4.2 of the Hall's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech (the "Code").

We uphold freedom of speech within the law, as outlined in the Hall's Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech.

Free, open and robust discussion is essential to our academic community. However, such a culture can only be maintained when all participants engage with each other in ways which may be critical but which are courteous. The Hall does not tolerate harassment or victimisation in any form. We expect all members of the Hall community, as well as visitors and contractors, to treat each other with respect, courtesy, and consideration. Please refer to the Hall Harassment Policy.

The Hall is committed to fostering an inclusive culture that promotes equality and which values diversity. The Hall has a responsibility to maintain a safe, effective, and welcoming environment for all our students, staff, and visitors.

A demonstration or protest will fall within the Hall's procedures for meetings and events (as set out in section 6 of the Code of Practice on Freedom of Speech. As such organizers must contact the Hall in advance, following the procedure set out above, and a risk assessment will be required. The Hall have a duty to facilitate protests and will work with organisers to ensure that protests can take place but do not violate the Hall Statutes and hence result in disciplinary procedures. The Dean can be contacted by email, as indicated in the Student and Fellows' Handbooks, and on the website.

Hall members participating in protests are required to identify themselves to Hall officials when requested to do so. Failure to do so is a breach of Statute XI which all students with a contract to study at Oxford must abide by.

Students will face disciplinary investigation if the <u>University Statutes</u> are breached. The following extract from <u>Statute XI</u> are examples of clauses in the Statutes which are relevant to protests:

No member of the University shall in a university context intentionally or recklessly:

- (a) disrupt or attempt to disrupt teaching or study or research or the administrative, sporting, social, cultural, or other activities of the University;
- (b) disrupt or attempt to disrupt the lawful exercise of freedom of speech by members, student members, and employees of the University or by visiting speakers;
- (c) obstruct or attempt to obstruct any officer, employee, or agent of the University in the performance of his or her duties;
- (d) deface, damage, or destroy or attempt to deface, damage or destroy any property of the University or any Hall or any other individual or knowingly misappropriate such property;
- (e) occupy or use or attempt to occupy or use any property or facilities of the University or of any Hall except as may be expressly or impliedly authorised by the university or Hall authorities concerned:
- (g) engage in action which is likely to cause injury or to impair safety;
- (h) engage in violent, indecent, disorderly, threatening, or offensive behaviour or language;

- (j) disobey a reasonable instruction given within their authority by one of the Proctors or their deputies;
- (k) refuse to disclose his or her name and other relevant details to an officer or an employee or agent of the University or of any Hall in circumstances where it is reasonable to require that that information be given;

Contravening any Statute may lead to the following possible consequences, under which the University may:

- (a) issue the student member with a written warning;
- (b) require the student member to attend a programme of education;
- (c) require the student member to enter a temporary or permanent restriction on contact with a named individual or individuals;
- (d) impose a fine of such amount as it thinks fit;
- (e) suspend the student member's access to or exclude the student member from University accommodation or require the student member to move to other University accommodation (subject to the terms of the student member's lease);
- (f) order the student member to pay compensation to any individual or body suffering injury, damage, or loss as a result of the student member's conduct;
- (g) issue directions in relation to the future provision of references for the student member;
- (h) make an order banning the student member from specified University premises or facilities for such period or on such terms as it thinks fit;
- (i) subject to endorsement by the relevant Hall, make an order banning the student member from specified Hall premises or facilities for such period or on such terms as it thinks fit;
- (j) suspend the student member for such period as it thinks fit.

In addition to actions that the Hall may take under its Statutes, unauthorised occupation of Hall land or buildings may lead to legal action including the Hall issuing court possession proceedings or exercising its common law power of removal.